

---

---

**Road vehicles — Compressed natural  
gas (CNG) fuel system components —**

**Part 5:  
Manual cylinder valve**

*Véhicules routiers — Composants des systèmes de combustible gaz  
naturel comprimé (GNC) —*

*Partie 5: Valve manuelle du cylindre*



STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 15500-5:2020



**COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2020

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office  
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8  
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva  
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11  
Email: [copyright@iso.org](mailto:copyright@iso.org)  
Website: [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org)

Published in Switzerland

# Contents

	Page
Foreword .....	iv
Introduction .....	v
1 Scope .....	1
2 Normative references .....	1
3 Terms and definitions .....	1
4 Marking .....	2
5 Construction and assembly .....	2
6 Tests .....	3
6.1 Applicability .....	3
6.2 Hydrostatic strength .....	3
6.3 Leakage .....	3
6.4 Continued operation .....	3
6.5 Valve stem retention .....	4
Bibliography .....	5

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 41, *Specific aspects for gaseous fuels*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 15500-5:2012), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 15500-5:2012/Amd.1:2016. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- serial number or data code becomes mandatory in marking;
- update of 6.4 "continued operation";
- added test for "valve stem retention".

A list of all parts in the ISO 15500 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

## Introduction

For the purposes of this document, all fuel system components in contact with natural gas have been considered suitable for natural gas as defined in ISO 15403-1. However, it is recognized that miscellaneous components not specifically covered herein can be examined to meet the criteria of this document and tested according to the appropriate functional tests.

All references to pressure in this document are considered to be gauge pressures unless otherwise specified.

This document is based on a service pressure for natural gas used as fuel of 20 MPa [200 bar<sup>1)</sup>] settled at 15 °C. Other service pressures can be accommodated by adjusting the pressure by the appropriate factor (ratio). For example, a 25 MPa (250 bar) service pressure system will require pressures to be multiplied by 1,25.

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 15500-5:2020

---

1) 1 bar = 0,1 MPa =  $10^5$  Pa 1 MPa = 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 15500-5:2020

# Road vehicles — Compressed natural gas (CNG) fuel system components —

## Part 5: Manual cylinder valve

### 1 Scope

This document specifies tests and requirements for the manual cylinder valve, a compressed natural gas (CNG) fuel system component intended for use on the types of motor vehicles defined in ISO 3833.

This document is applicable to vehicles (mono-fuel, bi-fuel or dual-fuel applications) using natural gas in accordance with ISO 15403-1.

It is not applicable to the following:

- a) liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components located upstream of, and including, the vaporizer;
- b) fuel containers;
- c) stationary gas engines;
- d) container-mounting hardware;
- e) electronic fuel management;
- f) refuelling receptacles.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 15500-1:2015, *Road vehicles — Compressed natural gas (CNG) fuel system components — Part 1: General requirements and definitions*

ISO 15500-2, *Road vehicles — Compressed natural gas (CNG) fuel system components — Part 2: Performance and general test methods*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 15500-1 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

## 4 Marking

Marking of the component shall provide sufficient information to allow the following to be traced:

- a) the manufacturer's or agent's name, trademark or symbol;
- b) the model designation (part number);
- c) the working pressure or working pressure and temperature range;
- d) the serial number or date code.

The following additional markings are recommended:

- the direction of flow (when necessary for correct installation);
- the type of fuel;
- the electrical ratings (if applicable);
- the symbol of the certification agency;
- the type approval number;
- a reference to this document.

**NOTE** This information can be provided by a suitable identification code on at least one part of the component when it consists of more than one part.

## 5 Construction and assembly

**5.1** The manual cylinder valve shall comply with the applicable provisions of ISO 15500-1 and ISO 15500-2, and with the tests specified in [Clause 6](#). Tolerances should follow the specifications of ISO 15500-2.

**5.2** Manual cylinder valve handles, when provided, shall be securely attached to the valve spindle.

**5.3** A manual cylinder valve with 90° rotation from "on" to "off" position shall be provided with rigidly secured stops to limit rotation.

**5.4** A manual cylinder valve may be used as a service valve.

**5.5** Manual cylinder valves having 90° of rotation (quarter turn) from "on" to "off" positions shall have the handles perpendicular to the direction of flow at the valve inlet when in the "off" position.

**5.6** All manual cylinder valves shall close when the handle is rotated clockwise, unless otherwise specified and clearly marked on the body of the valve.

**5.7** Manual container valves incorporating an internal excess flow valve shall have a means for safe venting of the container. In addition to the general requirements of ISO 15500-1:2015, Clause 6, valve manufacturers shall provide component literature describing the safe venting of the container contents. A cautionary statement shall be included regarding venting of wet gas under low temperature (cold ambient) conditions and the risk of freeze up.



## 6 Tests

### 6.1 Applicability

The tests required to be carried out are indicated in [Table 1](#).

**Table 1 — Applicable tests**

Test	Applicable	Test procedure as required by ISO 15500-2	Specific test requirements of this document
Hydrostatic strength	X	X	X (see <a href="#">6.2</a> )
Leakage	X	X	X (see <a href="#">6.3</a> )
Excess torque resistance	X	X	
Bending moment	X	X	
Continued operation	X	X	X (see <a href="#">6.4</a> )
Corrosion resistance	X	X	
Oxygen ageing	X	X	
Ozone ageing	X	X	
Heat Ageing	X	X	
Automotive fluids	X	X	
Electrical over-voltages			
Non-metallic material immersion	X	X	
Vibration resistance	X	X	
Brass material compatibility	X	X	

### 6.2 Hydrostatic strength

Test the manual cylinder valve according to the procedure for testing hydrostatic strength specified in ISO 15500-2. The test pressure shall be 2,5 times the working pressure.

### 6.3 Leakage

Test the manual cylinder valve at the temperatures and pressures given in [Table 2](#).

**Table 2 — Test temperatures and pressures**

Temperature °C	Pressure Factor × working pressure (WP)	
	First test	Second test
-40 or -20	0,75 × WP	0,025 × WP
20	0,025 × WP	1,5 × WP
85	0,05 × WP	

### 6.4 Continued operation

**6.4.1** Test the manual cylinder valve in accordance with the procedure for testing continued operation given in ISO 15500-2, for 2 000 cycles, but lower the downstream pressure of the test fixture to less than 0,5 MPa (5 bar) and perform the leakage test in accordance with [6.3](#).